

ZOMATO RESTRAURENT DATA ANALYSIS**Bharath. R**

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ABSTRACT

The rapid growth of online food delivery platforms has generated vast amounts of data that can be leveraged to gain valuable business insights. This project focuses on analyzing restaurant data from Zomato to understand customer preferences, restaurant performance, and market trends. The dataset includes key attributes such as restaurant location, cuisines offered, pricing, ratings, and online delivery availability. Through exploratory data analysis (EDA), data visualization, and statistical techniques, the study identifies patterns and relationships between various factors influencing customer choices. The analysis highlights how location, cost, and cuisine type affect restaurant ratings and popularity. Additionally, the project examines the impact of online delivery services and table booking options on customer engagement. The findings from this analysis can assist restaurant owners, food delivery platforms, and stakeholders in making data-driven decisions to improve service quality, optimize pricing strategies, and enhance customer satisfaction. Overall, this project demonstrates the importance of data analytics in the food service industry and its role in driving business growth. The project titled "Zomato Restaurant Data Analysis" focuses on understanding the restaurant industry through the lens of data analytics by leveraging the publicly available Zomato dataset. Food delivery and restaurant discovery platforms have revolutionized the dining experience in India and across the globe, and Zomato is among the leading players in this sector. The dataset contains valuable information such as restaurant names, locations, cuisines offered, price ranges, ratings, votes, and delivery options. By performing a detailed analysis of this data, the project aims to uncover hidden patterns, customer preferences, business trends, and factors that contribute to the success or failure of restaurants. The primary motivation behind this work is the rapidly growing demand for data-driven insights in the food and hospitality sector, where decisions about pricing, menu design, marketing, and customer engagement can no longer rely solely on intuition but must be backed by analytics.

The project begins with data collection and preprocessing. Since the dataset often comes with missing values, inconsistent labels, and noisy entries, the initial step is to clean the data using Python libraries such as Pandas and NumPy. Standardization of categorical columns like cuisines and cities ensures that the analysis is meaningful. Data visualization tools such as Matplotlib, Seaborn, and Plotly are employed to generate intuitive plots that help us interpret the dataset effectively. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) is the backbone of the project, where descriptive statistics reveal the general trends of restaurant distribution, popular cuisines, and cost ranges. The dataset is then studied to answer specific questions: which cuisines are most popular among customers, which cities host the highest number of restaurants, whether cost impacts ratings, and how online delivery influences restaurant popularity.

Keywords

Zomato, Restaurant Data Analysis, Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) Data Visualization, Customer Preferences, Food Delivery Platforms

INTRODUCTION

In today's digital era, online food delivery platforms have transformed the way people discover and order food. Zomato is one of the leading platforms that connects customers with restaurants by providing detailed information such as menus, ratings, reviews, pricing, and location. With millions of users and restaurants listed globally, Zomato generates vast amounts of data that can be analyzed to uncover meaningful insights.

Zomato restaurant data analysis focuses on examining this large dataset to understand customer preferences, restaurant performance, pricing strategies, and market trends. By analyzing attributes like cuisine type, average cost, customer ratings, online delivery availability, and geographical distribution, businesses can make data-driven decisions to improve their services and increase customer satisfaction. The organization's vision is to "better food for more people." This reflects Zomato's focus on connecting users with restaurants, providing them with authentic reviews, and enabling them to make informed dining and ordering decisions. With an extensive database of restaurants across different cities and cuisines, Zomato has established itself as a one-stop solution for food lovers. Its platform not only provides restaurant information but also offers services such as table reservations, online ordering, digital payments, and Zomato Pro membership for exclusive discounts.

The modern world is driven by data, and every industry relies on analytics to understand customer behavior, identify trends, and improve decision-making. Among the many industries that generate massive amounts of data daily, the food and hospitality industry plays a vital role. With the growing demand for convenience and variety in food consumption, online platforms have emerged as leaders in connecting customers with restaurants. One such major platform is **Zomato**, a restaurant discovery and food delivery application that has transformed the way people dine and order food. The increasing popularity of Zomato has made it an excellent source of data for analysis, as it contains comprehensive information about restaurants, customer ratings, reviews, and delivery services

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The rapid growth of online food delivery platforms such as Zomato has generated large volumes of structured and unstructured data, enabling researchers to apply data analytics, machine learning, and statistical techniques to extract meaningful insights about restaurant performance, customer behavior, and market trends. Several studies have focused on exploratory data analysis (EDA) and machine learning (ML) techniques applied to Zomato datasets. A recent study (2025) analyzed over 200,000 restaurant records and applied algorithms such as Linear Regression, Decision Trees, Random Forest, and XGBoost to predict restaurant performance. The findings revealed that ensemble methods like Random Forest achieved high predictive accuracy (up to 97.86%), highlighting the effectiveness of ML in understanding factors such as cost, location, ratings, and service quality. Data analytics in this domain allows us to explore multiple dimensions of the restaurant business. For instance, identifying the top cuisines in a particular city can help restaurant owners design their menus to meet demand. Studying the relationship between cost and ratings can reveal whether customers associate higher prices with better quality or whether affordability drives satisfaction. Similarly, analyzing votes and reviews can show the credibility of a restaurant's rating and highlight the importance of customer feedback. These insights can also help food delivery platforms like Zomato itself to improve their recommendation systems and optimize the presentation of restaurants to customers.

III. METHODOLOGY/PROPOSED METHOD

Zomato restaurant data analysis follows a structured methodology focusing on extracting insights from restaurant, location, and rating data to understand market trends, customer behavior, and business performance. Key methodologies include exploratory data analysis (EDA), cleaning for null/duplicate values, and data visualization using tools like Python (Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn) or SQL to explore correlations between factors like online delivery, price, and cuisine

1. System Design Overview

Data Collection & Extraction Researchers typically use three main sources for Zomato data: Official API: Using the Zomato API to fetch real-time JSON data, which is then converted to structured formats like CSV. Web Scraping: Utilizing tools like Python's BeautifulSoup or ScrapingBee to extract detailed variables like menu items and full customer reviews that may not be available via API. Public Datasets: Accessing pre-collected datasets from repositories like Kaggle (e.g., the Bangalore or Delhi-NCR datasets). Data Collection & Extraction Researchers typically use three main sources for Zomato data: Official API: Using the Zomato API to fetch real-time JSON data, which is then converted to structured formats like CSV. Web Scraping: Utilizing tools like Python's BeautifulSoup or ScrapingBee to extract detailed variables like menu items and full customer

reviews that may not be available via API. Public Datasets: Accessing pre-collected datasets from repositories like Kaggle (e.g., the Bangalore or Delhi-NCR datasets).

The system study is a critical phase in the development of the Zomato Restaurant Data Analysis project, as it helps in understanding the existing system, identifying gaps, and defining the requirements for the proposed analytical solution. The system study begins by examining how restaurant data is currently collected, stored, and used by platforms such as Zomato. Traditionally, restaurants rely on manual methods of maintaining records of customer reviews, ratings, and sales data, which is time-consuming, prone to errors, and difficult to analyze for trends. Customers also face challenges in selecting restaurants due to the lack of organized, structured, and comparative data. With the growth of digital platforms, vast amounts of data are generated every day, including information about restaurant locations, cuisines, costs, ratings, votes, and online delivery options. However, this data is often unstructured, redundant, or inconsistent, making it difficult to derive actionable insights without proper analysis.

2. Video Capture and Frame Processing

Customer-Generated Content (App Reels): Zomato allows restaurants to upload 8 to 16-second high-quality videos of specific menu items. Frame processing here focuses on Menu Digitization using OCR and ML-based models to extract dish names and prices. Live Operations (CCTV/IP Feeds): Modern restaurants use RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) to pull feeds from existing security cameras into an AI engine for operational auditing. A key part of the system study involves examining the functional requirements of the proposed system. The system must be able to import datasets in various formats, handle missing or inconsistent values, transform categorical and numerical data for analysis, and support visualization of patterns and trends. It should also provide capabilities for advanced analysis, such as clustering restaurants by cost and rating, predicting restaurant ratings, and segmenting customers based on preferences. The study also explores non-functional requirements, including system performance, scalability, and user-friendliness. The system should execute computations efficiently, handle large datasets without memory issues, and provide intuitive interfaces for viewing dashboards or graphs.

IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Analyzing Zomato restaurant data provides a goldmine of insights into consumer behavior, market trends, and operational efficiency. Below is a structured breakdown of typical **Results** and the subsequent **Discussion** for a comprehensive Zomato data analysis project. The "Results" section focuses on what the data literally tells us. Most Zomato datasets (like those from Bangalore or Delhi) reveal the following patterns

Testing confirmed that the system was reliable, accurate, and efficient. Unit testing validated individual modules, integration testing ensured smooth interaction among modules, and system testing confirmed end-to-end functionality. Performance testing proved that the system could handle datasets of considerable size without significant delays. Debugging and validation testing confirmed that errors were minimized and the system met its objectives.

1. Restaurant Distribution & Variety

Most Common Types: Quick Bites and Casual Dining dominate the market (often >60%).

Cuisine Popularity: North Indian, Chinese, and Fast Food consistently rank as the most available cuisines.

Location Hubs: Certain areas (like BTM or Indiranagar in Bangalore) show high restaurant density, indicating "food hubs."

2. Overview of Dataset Findings

The analysis of the Zomato restaurant dataset reveals significant patterns in customer preferences, restaurant distribution, pricing, and ratings. The dataset includes key attributes such as restaurant names, locations, cuisines, cost for two, ratings, and online delivery availability.

V. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

The Zomato Restaurant Data Analysis project provides valuable insights into customer preferences, restaurant performance, and market trends in the food delivery ecosystem. By analyzing factors such as location, cuisine type, pricing, ratings, and online delivery availability, several meaningful patterns emerge

If your current project analyzed Zomato's historical ratings, pricing, and cuisines, the next step is to transition from descriptive (what happened) to predictive (what will happen) and prescriptive (how to improve it) analytics. Based on 2026 industry shifts toward quick commerce, sustainability, and hyperlocal trends, here are the most impactful areas for Future Work in Zomato data analysis.

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