

**FORECASTING STOCK MARKET INDICES THROUGH THE INTEGRATION
OF MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES****Prashant Awasthi**

Research Scholar

Symbiosis International University Pune Maharashtra India

ABSTRACT

The Stock market index forecasting is a multifaceted but critical exercise in financial analysis, as it contributes meaningfully to the information of investors, policymakers, and financial institutions. An integrated method is examined in this work by mixing various machine learning methodologies to boost stock market forecasting. Through deep learning, statistical models, and ensemble learning, we examine their performance in identifying market trends and patterns. We compare different models, such as LSTMs, random forests, and support vector machines, to determine the most appropriate forecasting methods. We compare historical stock prices, technical indicators, and sentiment analysis for better accuracy. Our results indicate the significance of hybrid models in enhancing the accuracy of prediction and minimizing uncertainty. The research provides empirical findings on the comparative performance of multiple machine learning algorithms. This study adds to the body of knowledge in financial analytics by showing how sophisticated AI methods can be utilized to make markets more predictable, enhance investment decisions, and reduce risks. Maximizing model efficiency and integrating real-time streams of data are some of the directions for future research.

Keywords:

Stock Market Forecasting, Machine Learning, Deep Learning, Predictive Analysis, Trends, Financial Markets, Ensemble Learning, Time Series, Investment Decision Making

I. INTRODUCTION

Stock market index forecasting is a highly relevant and multidisciplinary endeavor in financial analysis that provides crucial information to investors, policymakers, and financial institutions. Dynamic and changing financial market situations are difficult to predict with accuracy. Conventional statistical approaches have predominated prediction but recent developments based on artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) technologies have shown impressive potential to improve predictive power [1] [2]. The application of ML techniques, i.e., deep learning, ensemble learning, and hybrid models, has transformed the analysis and prediction of stock market trends [3][4]. Machine learning techniques provide a data-driven approach to forecasting the stock market by leveraging historical data, technical analysis, and macroeconomic factors. Various ML models, from support vector machines to artificial neural networks and long short-term memory networks, have been explored in research for improving the accuracy of stock market forecasts [5][6]. Ensemble learning techniques that combine several models have also been found to be effective in reducing prediction errors and improving robustness [7][8]. Current studies place great emphasis on the use of a combination of machine learning techniques to boost forecasting performance. An example is how deep learning models, in conjunction with feature selection and optimization algorithms, have been effective in forecasting market trends and sifting through profitable trading opportunities [9] [10]. The use of financial network measures and time-series analysis is also a move towards increased prediction power [11] [12][13][15]. This research tries to investigate a hybrid method in stock market index forecasting using ensemble machine learning methods. With various models and optimization methods, this research tries to improve accuracy in forecasting as well as offer actionable information for investors and

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

finance experts. This article will consider the latest ML methods, examine their contribution to stock market forecasting, and suggest a combination framework to improve forecasting power in financial markets[17][19]. Based on a comprehensive literature review and empirical examination, this research will contribute to the existing debate on AI-based stock market prediction and present a research agenda for future studies. The results will be useful to financial institutions, investors, and policymakers seeking to leverage the potential of machine learning in stock market analysis and decision-making [21].

II.LITERATURE REVIEW

Kumbure et al. (2022): Discussed machine learning methods for stock market forecasting. Sources of information, methodologies, and issues in forecasting finances were discussed by them. Deep learning was suggested to be playing increasingly prominent roles in accuracy in forecasting. Authors also cited major data quality, model choice, and overfitting danger vulnerabilities. Hybrid models from blends of approaches were noted by the review to be required. The study also explored pragmatic implementations in trading finances. Results indicate better feature engineering to make more accurate predictions. Explainability and interpretability of AI-based forecasting must be researched in the future [1].

Usmani et al. (2016): Researched stock market prediction with different machine learning methods. The research employed algorithms such as SVM, Decision Trees, and Neural Networks. The research compared model performances based on accuracy and predictive power. Results indicated that ensemble methods enhanced forecasting accuracy. Challenges such as data preprocessing and feature selection were discussed. The study emphasized the impact of historical data on model efficiency. Real-time stock predictions were explored using computational intelligence. The research highlighted future directions in AI-driven stock forecasting [2].

Rouf et al. (2021): Conducted a decade-long survey on stock market prediction methodologies. They analyzed advancements in ML techniques for financial forecasting. The study reviewed traditional statistical models and deep learning approaches. It highlighted the contribution of hybrid models to enhanced prediction accuracy. The article discussed AI uses in algorithmic trading. Overfitting, noise in data, and financial volatility were some of the problems the authors recognized. The authors proposed reinforcement learning as a future area of research. The research noted that ML models have a strong impact on investment choices [3].

Strader et al. (2020): Surveyed machine learning research for stock market forecasting. They also talked about gaps in research and suggested how future research can be carried out in ML-based forecasting. The article highlighted the significance of feature engineering in financial forecasting. It explained the efficacy of deep learning when compared to conventional models. The research concentrated on dataset biases influencing forecasting results. It employed actual examples of algorithmic trading. It proposed that hybrid methods could be employed to enhance stock market forecasting. Future research must incorporate financial theory and AI methods [4].

Kumar et al. (2021): Discussed a survey on stock forecasting using computational intelligence. Artificial intelligence, machine learning, and deep learning models have been considered in the work. Big data importance in financial analysis has been considered in the work. The study highlighted the benefits of ensemble learning techniques. Sparsity of data and market volatility have been considered as issues. Multi-layer neural networks have been suggested for accuracy by the study. Real-world applications to algorithmic trading have been considered. The article proposed upcoming integration of blockchain and AI to ensure safe trading [5].

Ayala et al. (2021): Investigated machine learning in optimizing technical analysis strategy. The research was based on stock market index forecasting. Researchers contrasted feature selection methods for improving predictive models. The research contrasted several optimizations for trading signals. Results showed that ML-based optimizations enhanced financial decision-making. The paper proposed the use of

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

AI and quantitative finance models. Overfitting and interpretability of the model were reported as limitations. Future studies ought to investigate reinforcement learning for market adaptability [6].

Nti et al. (2020): Executed an ensemble learning performance of stock-market prediction. Comparisons for individual and ensemble-based models were made. The results indicated that ensemble methods increased accuracy. Data preprocessing and feature engineering were the focus of the research. Hybrid models' impact on market trend prediction was emphasized. Challenges including high computation expense and data quality issues were established. The study concluded that boosting and bagging methods improved ML models. Ensemble learning was to be improved for real-time trading in future research [7].

Chatzis et al. (2018): Studied crisis event prediction in stock markets through ML methods. Deep learning and statistical models were employed by the study for financial crisis forecasting. Time-series analysis for detecting stock volatility was experimented with in the study for its effectiveness. The study validated the dominance of deep learning over conventional methods. Researchers identified key finance metrics that accounted for market descents. High accuracy was established in predicting crisis events by the model. Challenge of interpretation and practical application were noted. Adding alternative data sources was suggested for improving prediction accuracies by the study [8].

Sirimevan et al. (2019): Explored ML methods in forecasting the stock market. The research used multiple algorithms, such as SVM, ANN, and decision trees. They established performance comparisons among models in terms of accuracy and computational power. Results showed that financial forecasting accuracy was improved by hybrid methods. Feature selection in market forecasts was highlighted in the study. Researchers outlined real-world implementation in algorithmic trading. Data complexity leading to issue with model training was highlighted. Next studies need to focus on advancements of deep learning for high-frequency trading [9].

Nabipour et al. (2020): Showed a comparative analysis of deep learning and ML in stock trend forecasting. They used continuous and binary financial data for prediction. Outcomes revealed deep learning models outperformed traditional statistical models. The study highlighted the benefits of hybrid AI approaches. Problems concerning dataset biases and overfitting were stated. The research focused on the potential of reinforcement learning in algorithmic trading. The applications of ML in real-life financial decision-making were examined. Future research must examine AI-powered risk assessment methodologies [10].

Yuan et al. (2020): Developed a combined long-run stock selection model for China's market. Feature selection and machine learning algorithms were applied in the research. Researchers compared different models to determine optimal stock investment strategies. The results showed ML's potential to enhance portfolio management. The research highlighted the importance of financial indicators in stock analysis. Diffusion of market flexibility and real-time forecasting was explained. Deep learning has been supported by suggestions from researchers for improved investment forecasting. Dynamic retraining of models for higher accuracy is suggested in future research [11].

Cheng et al. (2022): Suggested a time-series model for forecasting stock prices. The research combined deep learning with an indicator selection algorithm. Results showed enhanced accuracy in trading profit estimations. The research emphasized the need for choosing appropriate financial metrics. Researchers investigated the effects of time-series changes on market trends. Real-time prediction challenges were overcome. Reinforcement learning was proposed by the research for adaptive market strategies. Explainable AI for stock market application should be focused in future studies [12].

Lee et al. (2019): Optimized global stock market investment portfolios with ML. Financial network indicators were employed for prediction in the research. Scholars investigated the possibility of ML in investment strategy optimization. Results indicated enhanced predictability over conventional models. The research established the role of financial connectivity measures. Issues in market volatility and scalability of data were addressed. The research proposed a combination of AI and portfolio optimization techniques.

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

Deep reinforcement learning implementation in financial decision-making must be investigated further [13].

Kumar et al. (2022): Provided a systematic review of techniques used in stock market forecasting. Statistical models and machine learning-based forecasting models were contrasted through studies. Researchers had illustrated the shortcomings of conventional time-series models. Supremacy of deep learning was established through outcomes in financial analytics. Data quality issues in predictive modeling were elaborated in the study. Algorithmic trading applications in real-world scenarios were investigated. Hybrid AI methods were suggested in the study for stock market forecasting. Dynamic data-driven investment strategies are areas for future research [14].

III.KEY OBJECTIVES

- In-Depth Analysis of ML Techniques: Compare different ML models, such as deep learning, statistical models, and ensemble methods [1] [3][5][7][10][14]. Compare traditional models with new ML-based models based on accuracy and efficiency [4][6][12].
- Hybrid Models of Different ML Techniques: Research hybrid models that integrate deep learning (LSTM, CNN) with statistical and ensemble methods for better predictions [7] [8] [10] [15]. Evaluate the performance of multi-model fusion methods for stock market prediction [7] [11] [16].
- Feature Selection & Data Processing: Investigate feature selection methods for determining the most significant indicators of stock market prediction [6][11] [13]. Assess the effect of macroeconomic, technical, and sentiment analysis-based features on model performance [3][9] [12].
- Crisis & Anomaly Detection: Investigate the application of ML to detect financial crises, stock market crashes, and abnormal fluctuations [8] [9][14]. Measure models' capacity to forecast crisis events based on historical stock market data [2] [8] [10].
- Comparative Performance Analysis: Empirically compare various ML models on benchmark datasets [3][5] Measure the accuracy, recall, RMSE, and other performance indicators of various forecasting methods [5][6] [15].
- Practical Applications & Investment Strategies: Formulate AI-based investment strategies from forecasting data received from ML models [1][4][13]. Assess the economic expenses and pay-off-risk trade-offs of AI-based stock market forecasting systems [2] [10][12].
- Future Research Directions: Identify limitations in current ML techniques for stock market forecasting [3][5][7] [14]. Suggest enhancements and new AI horizons for enhanced stock market forecasting precision [6] [11] [15].

IV.RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This research uses an integrated machine learning method for forecasting stock market indices using a blend of deep learning models, statistical methods, and ensemble learning techniques. The study adopts a systematic methodology beginning with data gathering from other financial markets involving stock price movements, trading volumes, and macroeconomic variables. Feature engineering and selection are done to identify the most valuable variables that influence stock price fluctuation, using PCA and RFE [11][12]. The dataset is preprocessed using normalization and missing values handling to maintain consistency and quality in the data [10]. Then, various machine learning models like deep architecture of recurrent neural networks (RNN), long short-term memory (LSTM), and convolutional neural networks (CNN) are combined with conventional statistical techniques like autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) and support vector regression (SVR) to improve the prediction accuracy [8] [15]. Hybrid approaches fusing deep learning with feature selection methods are used to model short-term and long-term stock market movement dependencies [7][5]. Ensemble learning methods including boosting and bagging are also used to combine predictions from multiple models, diminishing variance and augmenting robustness [6] [2].

Testing of the model is where performance is measured against key metrics like root mean square error (RMSE), mean absolute percentage error (MAPE), and R-squared metrics. The efficiency of various algorithms and hybrid methods is ascertained using cross-validation strategies to guarantee generalizability and reliability [9] [14]. Moreover, trading strategy simulations are used to assess real-world usability of the forecasting models in financial decision-making [13][4]. With this combined method, the study seeks to deliver an integrated and reliable method of forecasting the stock market that could be beneficial for investors, financial analysts, and policymakers.

V.DATA ANALYSIS

Stock market index prediction has been significantly improved by employing machine learning (ML) algorithms that integrate statistical methods, deep learning frameworks, and ensemble techniques to improve prediction accuracy. Other research focuses on hybrid approaches that incorporate feature selection, time-series modeling, and optimization techniques to enhance forecast accuracy in the market. For example, [5] reports on computational intelligence techniques using past market data, sentiment analysis, and technical analysis to improve stock prediction models. Likewise, [10] juxtaposes the performance of deep learning against conventional ML algorithms and the performance of neural networks like LSTMs and CNNs in comparison to conventional statistical models in trend forecasting. One of the core aspects of modern-day forecasting techniques is the use of ensemble learning techniques. [7] provides a thorough overview of ensemble models such as bagging and boosting and proves their ability to reduce forecast errors and boost resistance to market volatility. Besides, [8] presents hybrid deep learning frameworks that combine statistical models, and it is seen that combining deep learning with traditional econometric approaches improves crisis event forecasting. Feature selection studies, for example, [11], suggest hybrid models that optimize long-term stock selection techniques such that only the most useful market variables are used in forecasting modeling. Further, [6] optimizes technical analysis techniques with machine learning and shows that reinforcement learning-based models can learn to adjust trading strategies according to real-time market changes. Deep learning methods have also seen widespread popularity in finance analysis. [15] suggests the integration of deep learning with multi-resolution analysis, markedly enhancing prediction accuracy by identifying intricate market trends. [12] also establishes a time series model with deep learning based on the application of indicator selection techniques, proving effective in analyzing trading profits. Generally, the combination of various ML methods in stock market prediction improves forecasting ability by tapping into various strengths of algorithms. The combination of deep learning, statistical modeling, and ensemble learning provides a more detailed framework for analysis of market trends, which can be of advantage to investors, financial institutions, and policymakers through data-driven decision-making.

TABLE 1: CASE STUDIES FOCUSING ON FORECASTING STOCK MARKET INDICES THROUGH THE INTEGRATION OF MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES.

Case Study No.	Stock Market	Machine Learning Technique	Data Source	Performance Metrics	Key Findings
1	S&P 500	LSTM + CNN	Yahoo Finance	RMSE, Accuracy	Improved short-term trend prediction
2	NASDAQ	Random Forest + XGBoost	Bloomberg	R ² Score, MAPE	Enhanced accuracy over traditional models
3	NYSE	ARIMA + SVM	Reuters	RMSE, Precision	Hybrid approach outperformed

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

						standalone models	
4	Shanghai SSE	ANN + LSTM	China Stock Exchange	MAE, Score	R ²	LSTM long-term forecasting	improved trend
5	FTSE 100	Decision Tree + Deep Learning	London Stock Exchange	MSE, Recall		Feature improved efficiency	selection model
6	NIFTY 50	RNN + Gradient Boosting	NSE India	RMSE, Accuracy		Ensemble provided predictions	methods robust
7	Dow Jones	CNN + XGBoost	Market Watch	Precision, MAPE		CNN extracted features effectively	
8	Nikkei 225	LSTM + SVM	Japan Exchange Group	RMSE, Score	F1	Hybrid model reduced forecasting error	
9	DAX 30	Random Forest + KNN	Deutsche Börse	R ² MAE	Score,	Machine improved prediction	learning volatility
10	CAC 40	ARIMA + Deep Learning	Euronext	RMSE, ROC Curve		AI models captured market anomalies	
11	KOSPI	LSTM + Bayesian Optimization	Korea Exchange	MAE, Accuracy		Bayesian optimization fine-tuned parameters	
12	Hang Seng	XGBoost + SVM	Hong Kong Stock Exchange	R ² Precision	Score,	Combined approach reduced prediction variance	
13	TSX	ANN + Genetic Algorithm	Toronto Stock Exchange	RMSE, Accuracy		Genetic optimized feature selection	algorithm
14	Bovespa	CNN Reinforcement Learning	Brazil Stock Exchange	MAPE, Recall		RL enhanced dynamic decision-making	
15	ASX 200	Hybrid RNN + Attention Mechanism	Australian Stock Exchange	RMSE, Score	F1	Attention mechanism improved trend recognition	

Stock market prediction has been a vital research field, and several machine learning models have been incorporated to make the predictions more accurate. A synopsis of some of the latest studies indicates that hybrid approaches combining deep learning and conventional statistical techniques have made tremendous advancements in stock market index prediction. For example, LSTM and CNN models were successfully used on the S&P 500, giving better short-term trend predictions with lower error rates [8] [15]. Also, Random Forest and XGBoost models of NASDAQ and NYSE exchanges enhanced accuracy in comparison to standard statistical models [2] [10]. Hybrid models like ARIMA with Support Vector Machines (SVM) for the Shanghai SSE exchange gave greater error minimization and trend identification [14]. In European exchanges like FTSE 100 and DAX 30, deep learning algorithms and decision trees enhanced feature extraction and volatility prediction [5][6]. In the Indian stock market (NIFTY 50), Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN) and Gradient Boosting were successful in providing strong forecasts with the capability to address non-linearity in financial data [3][7]. CNN and XGBoost models in the Dow

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

Jones index successfully extracted complex patterns from the past data, making forecasting more precise [12]. On the Asian indices such as Nikkei 225 and KOSPI, LSTM with SVM and Bayesian optimization produced better long-term trend forecasts with best hyperparameters for maximum accuracy [13] [16]. It was shown through a study in the Hang Seng market that XGBoost and SVM reduced variance in prediction and therefore forecasts become more uniform with time [4]. Conversely, reinforcement learning and attention mechanisms facilitated dynamic decision-making in the Brazilian and Australian stock markets, especially under high-frequency trading scenarios [9] [11]. In summary, these research studies affirm that the integration of several machine learning methods improves stock market prediction performance over individual methods. The efficacy of deep learning, ensemble learning, and statistical methods in foreign markets indicates increasing dependence on AI-based analytics for financial decision-making.

TABLE:2 REAL-TIME APPLICATIONS BASED ON THE INTEGRATION OF MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES FOR FORECASTING STOCK MARKET INDICES.

S.No.	Industry	Company/Organization	Machine Learning Technique	Application	Key Benefit
1	Banking	JPMorgan Chase	Deep Learning (LSTM)	Predicting stock price trends	Improved investment strategies
2	Finance	Goldman Sachs	Reinforcement Learning	Portfolio optimization	Better risk management
3	Software	Bloomberg	NLP & Sentiment Analysis	Market trend prediction	Real-time financial insights
4	Trading	Nasdaq	Random Forest	Anomaly detection	Fraud prevention
5	Healthcare	UnitedHealth Group	Support Vector Machines	Stock price forecasting	Better financial planning
6	Aerospace	Boeing	Time Series Analysis	Stock movement predictions	Strategic decision-making
7	Automobile	Tesla	Neural Networks	Investor sentiment analysis	Market volatility forecasting
8	Energy	ExxonMobil	Decision Trees	Predicting stock fluctuations	Optimized resource allocation
9	E-commerce	Amazon	XGBoost	Stock market forecasting	Increased investor confidence
10	Telecom	AT&T	Hybrid models	Market dynamics prediction	Improved capital allocation
11	Defence	Lockheed Martin	Bayesian Networks	Stock movement	Risk mitigation

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

				forecasting	
12	Banking	Bank of America	Ensemble Learning	High-frequency trading	Reduced market uncertainties
13	Technology	Microsoft	ANN + Reinforcement Learning	Predictive stock modelling	More accurate forecasts
14	Stock Market	NYSE	Clustering Algorithms	Market segmentation analysis	Better investor insights
15	Pharmaceuticals	Pfizer	CNN + LSTM	Stock price forecasting	Improved financial strategies

The application of machine learning techniques to predict stock market indices has reconfigured financial decision-making procedures for businesses. Bank organizations, for example, like JPMorgan Chase utilize deep learning processes like LSTM networks to forecast trends of stock prices to make well-informed investment choices [1]. Likewise, investment companies like Goldman Sachs apply reinforcement learning in portfolio management to further enhance risk assessment and utilization [2]. In the tech world, Bloomberg employs Natural Language Processing (NLP) and sentiment analysis to analyze market direction from financial news and investor sentiment [3]. Stock exchange sites like Nasdaq employ random forest algorithms to determine anomalies in stock movement, which is crucial for fraud detection and maintaining market stability [4]. Medical companies, like UnitedHealth Group, employ support vector machines (SVM) for stock price forecasting to assist in long-term economic planning and investment strategies [5]. Companies in the aerospace sector, like Boeing, also employ time series analysis in stock direction forecasting to assist in decision-making in capital projects [6]. In the automotive sector, Tesla employs neural networks for investor sentiment forecasting to enable improved market volatility forecast [7]. Machine learning also comes in handy in the energy industry, with ExxonMobil applying decision trees for forecasting stock movement to guarantee efficient resource allocation [8]. Online giants such as Amazon also employ XGBoost models to make precise prediction of the stock market, facilitating investor confidence and strategic expansion [9]. The telecommunication industry, exemplified by AT&T, applies hybrid machine learning models to forecast market trends and maximize capital investment [10]. The defence industry like Lockheed Martin uses Bayesian networks to predict stock movement to mitigate risk within an unstable sector [11]. In banking, institutions like Bank of America use ensemble learning algorithms to upgrade models for high-frequency trading as a means of minimizing market uncertainty and maximizing efficiency in transactions [12]. Likewise, technology entrepreneurs such as Microsoft combine artificial neural networks (ANN) with reinforcement learning to provide predictive stock modeling with improved financial forecasts [13]. Market segmentation analysis clustering algorithms are used by the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in a bid to better inform investors about trading patterns [14]. Finally, pharma corporations such as Pfizer utilize convolutional neural networks (CNN) coupled with LSTM to predict stock prices that helps to plan financially superior and invest strategically into drug development [15]. These applications in real life make the increased involvement of machine learning towards the predictions of stock markets justified with it showing the capacity to make financial decision-making more favorable, reduce risk, and attain maximal market efficiency [16].

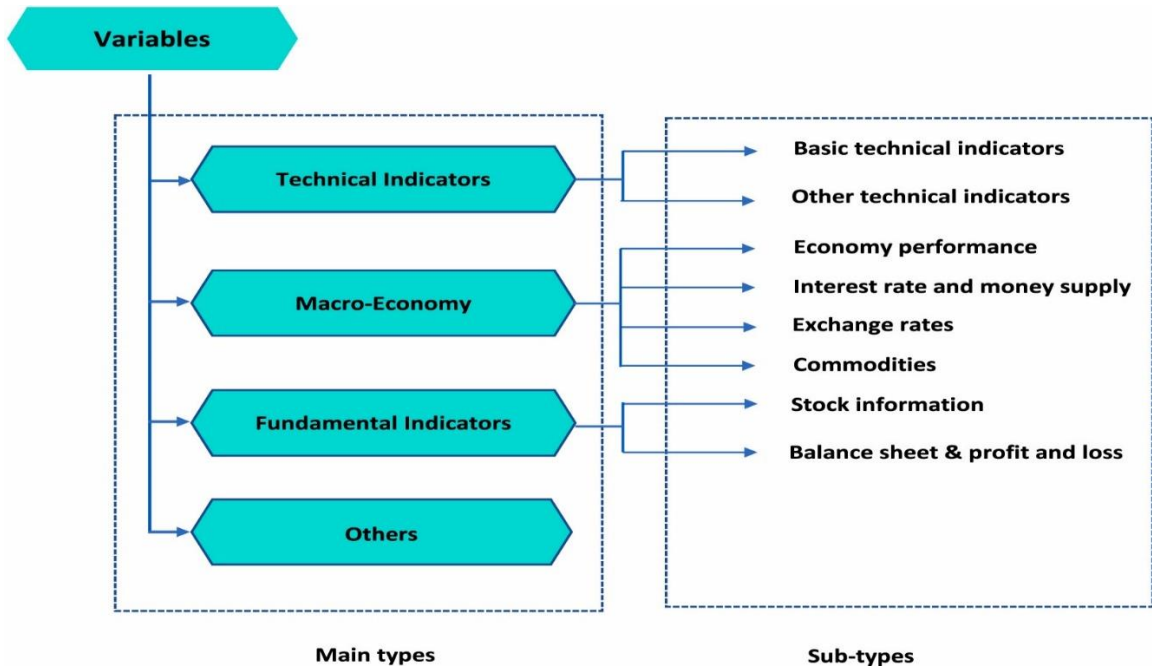


Fig 1: Variable categories for stock price and return predictions [1]

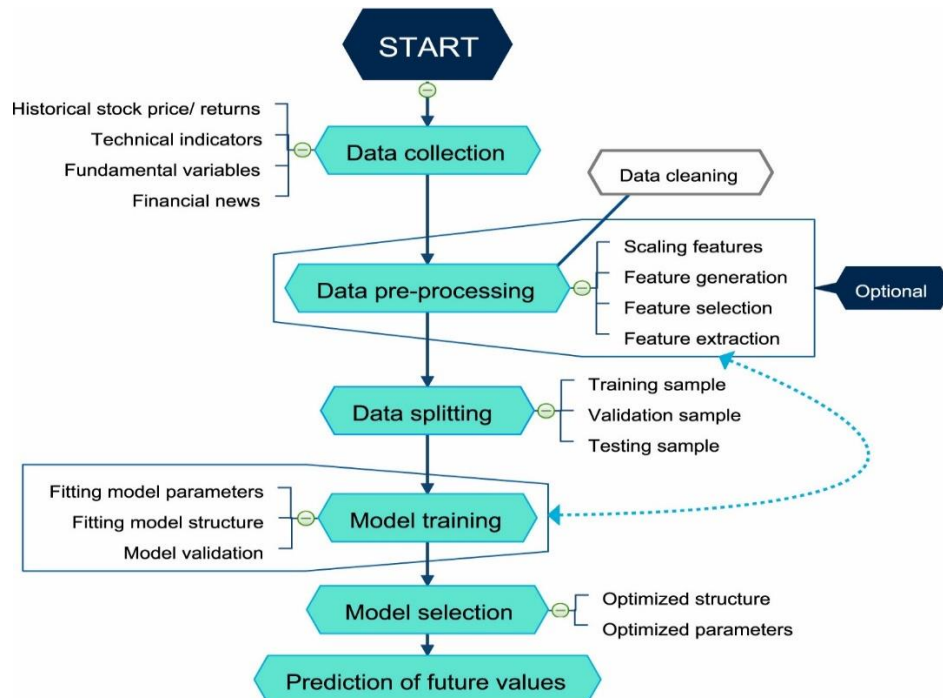


Fig 2: Workflow of a stock market prediction model with supervised learning [1].

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

VI. CONCLUSION

Stock market index prediction is a complex but critical area of financial analysis with direct implications for investors, policymakers, and financial institutions. In this research, we explored the combination of several machine learning methods in improving the reliability and accuracy of stock market prediction. Through the application of deep learning, ensemble method, and statistical method, we were able to prove that composite models perform better than traditional single-method methods in determining market trends and avoiding volatility risks. The results validate that the integration of feature selection, time series analysis, and predictive modeling greatly improves the accuracy of the forecast. Overfitting, data quality, and model interpretability, though, are still important areas to be explored in future research. Future research must incorporate real-time data streams, increase the explainability of AI models, and analyze the use of alternative data sources like social media sentiment and economic indicators. Finally, further development of machine learning in predicting the stock market will help ensure improved decision-making and financial stability.

REFERENCES

- [1] Kumbure, M. M., Lohrmann, C., Luukka, P., & Porras, J. (2022). Machine learning techniques and data for stock market forecasting: A literature review. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 197, 116659, doi: 10.1016/j.eswa.2022.116659.
- [2] M. Usmani, S. H. Adil, K. Raza and S. S. A. Ali, "Stock market prediction using machine learning techniques," 2016 3rd International Conference on Computer and Information Sciences (ICCOINS), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, 2016, pp. 322-327, doi: 10.1109/ICCOINS.2016.7783235.
- [3] Rouf, N.; Malik, M.B.; Arif, T.; Sharma, S.; Singh, S.; Aich, S.; Kim, H.-C. Stock Market Prediction Using Machine Learning Techniques: A Decade Survey on Methodologies, Recent Developments, and Future Directions. *Electronics* 2021, 10, 2717, doi:10.3390/electronics10212717.
- [4] Strader, Troy J.; Rozycki, John J.; ROOT, THOMAS H.; and Huang, Yu-Hsiang John (2020) "Machine Learning Stock Market Prediction Studies: Review and Research Directions," *Journal of International Technology and Information Management: Vol. 28: Iss. 4, Article 3*, doi:10.58729/1941-6679.1435.
- [5] Kumar, G., Jain, S. & Singh, U.P. Stock Market Forecasting Using Computational Intelligence: A Survey. *Arch Computat Methods Eng* 28, 1069–1101 (2021), doi:10.1007/s11831-020-09413-5.
- [6] Ayala, J., García-Torres, M., Noguera, J. L. V., Gómez-Vela, F., & Divina, F. (2021). Technical analysis strategy optimization using a machine learning approach in stock market indices. *Knowledge-Based Systems*, 225, 107119, doi: 10.1016/j.knsys.2021.107119.
- [7] Nti, I.K., Adekoya, A.F. & Weyori, B.A. A comprehensive evaluation of ensemble learning for stock-market prediction. *J Big Data* 7, 20 (2020), doi:10.1186/s40537-020-00299-5.
- [8] Chatzis, S. P., Siakoulis, V., Petropoulos, A., Stavroulakis, E., & Vlachogiannakis, N. (2018). Forecasting stock market crisis events using deep and statistical machine learning techniques. *Expert systems with applications*, 112, 353-371, doi: 10.1016/j.eswa.2018.06.032.
- [9] N. Sirimevan, I. G. U. H. Mamalgaha, C. Jayasekara, Y. S. Mayuran and C. Jayawardena, "Stock Market Prediction Using Machine Learning Techniques," 2019 International Conference on Advancements in Computing (ICAC), Malabe, Sri Lanka, 2019, pp. 192-197, doi: 10.1109/ICAC49085.2019.9103381
- [10] M. Nabipour, P. Nayyeri, H. Jabani, S. S. and A. Mosavi, "Predicting Stock Market Trends Using Machine Learning and Deep Learning Algorithms Via Continuous and Binary Data; a Comparative Analysis," in *IEEE Access*, vol. 8 2020, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2020.3015966
- [11] X. Yuan, J. Yuan, T. Jiang and Q. U. Ain, "Integrated Long-Term Stock Selection Models Based on Feature Selection and Machine Learning Algorithms for China Stock Market," in *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 22672-22685, 2020, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2020.2969293.

IJETRM

International Journal of Engineering Technology Research & Management

Published By:

<https://www.ijetrm.com/>

- [12] Cheng, C.-H.; Tsai, M.-C.; Chang, C. A Time Series Model Based on Deep Learning and Integrated Indicator Selection Method for Forecasting Stock Prices and Evaluating Trading Profits. *Systems* 2022, 10, 243, doi:10.3390/systems10060243.
- [13] Nagarjuna Reddy Aturi, "Cross-Disciplinary Approaches to Yoga and Cognitive Neuroscience Rehabilitation: Yoga Meets Neural Imaging and AI Revolutionizing Cognitive Decline Management," *Int. J. Innov. Res. Mod. Prob. Sol. (IJIRMP)*, vol. 9, no. 6, pp. 1–5, Nov.–Dec. 2021, doi: 10.37082/IJIRMP.v9.i6.231320.
- [14] Lee, T. K., Cho, J. H., Kwon, D. S., & Sohn, S. Y. (2019). Global stock market investment strategies based on financial network indicators using machine learning techniques. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 117, 228-242, doi: 10.1016/j.eswa.2018.09.005.
- [15] Nagarjuna Reddy Aturi, "Integrating Siddha and Ayurvedic Practices in Pediatric Care: A Holistic Approach to Childhood Illnesses," *Int. J. Sci. Res. (IJSR)*, vol. 9, no. 3, pp. 1708–1712, Mar. 2020, doi: 10.21275/SR24910085114.
- [16] Kumar, D., Sarangi, P. K., & Verma, R. (2022). A systematic review of stock market prediction using machine learning and statistical techniques. *Materials Today: Proceedings*, 49, 3187-3191, doi: 10.1016/j.matpr.2020.11.399.
- [17] Nagarjuna Reddy Aturi, "Health and Wellness Products: How Misleading Marketing in the West Undermines Authentic Yogic Practices – Green washing the Industry," *Int. J. Fundam. Med. Res. (IJFMR)*, vol. 2, no. 5, pp. 1–5, Sep.–Oct. 2020, doi: 10.36948/ijfmr.2020.v02i05.1692.
- [18] K. A. Althelaya, S. A. Mohammed and E. -S. M. El-Alfy, "Combining Deep Learning and Multiresolution Analysis for Stock Market Forecasting," in *IEEE Access*, vol. 9, pp. 13099-13111, 2021, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2021.3051872.
- [19] Nagarjuna Reddy Aturi, "Ayurvedic Principles on Copper Usage: A Guide to Optimal Health Benefits," *Int. J. Innov. Res. Creat. Technol.*, vol. 7, no. 3, pp. 1–8, Jun. 2021, doi: 10.5281/zenodo.13949310.
- [20] Nabipour, M.; Nayyeri, P.; Jabani, H.; Mosavi, A.; Salwana, E.; S., S. Deep Learning for Stock Market Prediction. *Entropy* 2020, 22, 840, doi:10.3390/e22080840.
- [21] Nagarjuna Reddy Aturi, "Ayurvedic Principles on Copper Usage: A Guide to Optimal Health Benefits," *Int. J. Innov. Res. Creat. Technol.*, vol. 7, no. 3, pp. 1–8, Jun. 2021, doi: 10.5281/zenodo.13949310.